thanst Corner of Touth and D Street

## WASHINGTON FACTS AND IMPRESSIONS. INTERNAL REVENUE RECRIPTS yes mounted to \$527,504.56.

ROCE ISLAND ANSERAL took up entirely so much of the time of the House yesterday or the speeches made partook largely of the succombe character.

Tim corren vanier mill now only re-nires the President's signature to become a nw, the House having yesterday concurred a the Senate amendments without further

Tan Rocas Committee on Public Bulle and Grounds have agreed to report is or of Mr. Logan's bill to repeal the law ich abolished the office of commissione public buildings.

Ma. Contex, of South Carolina, intro-uced a bill in the House, yesterday, for the unoval of political disabilities from Hon. W. W. Boyce, formerly a Representative rous South Carolina, and now a resident of Washington city.

ied to report adversely upon the ment of the tax on foreign whisky now loom, and also adversely upon the proposition to allow whisky to be taken out of ben without the payment of tax or security.

THE NATURALIZATION QUESTION contlinh argely to engage the attention of member of Congress, and in the morning hour yeste lay several bills and joint resolutions we ntroduced to amend the laws upon this sub ect. As stated in the REPUBLICAN yesterday mittee on Revision of the Laws wil

morning.

QUITE A SCREE OCCUPTED yesterday before the Committee on Public Buildings and Grunds, of which Hon. John Goyode la chairman. Mr. F. P. Stanton appeared as counsel in behalf of certain parties who have a bill before the committee. Mr. Covode declared that no man who had received \$5,000 of the Aleaka money could be heard before of the Alaska money could be heard befor that committee, and Mr. Stanton was oblige part .- Wash. Cor. N. Y. Times, Feb.

THE CASE OF LIEUTENANT BRAINE. -- Sons THE CASE OF LIEUTESANT BRAINE.—Sons-tor McCreery and others had a loog inter-view on Saturday with Attorney General Evarts, relative to the release of John C. Braine, of the Confederate navy. Mr. Evarts expressed some doubt as to whether Braine's case could be reached under the President's amnesty proclamation, but lis-tened attentively and favorably to the pira

THE GEORGIA ELECTORAL VOTE. - The Senate yesterday afternoon passed the join resolution in relation to the electoral vote o Georgia, and last night the House concurred under a suspension of the rules. The Demo mbers made an effort to defeat th

THE STATIONERY CONTRACTS .yesterday, in the morning hour, was that of which Mr. Ela, of New Hampshire, gave notice on Saturday, to annul all contracts made with Mesers. Dempsey & O'Toole, of this city, for stationery. It is an interesting question to be yet determined whether a law of Congress can annul a contract solemnly ered into and in part fulfilled, without is ving a sult for damages.

COMPLIMENTARY TESTIMONIAL .-- A larg COMPLIMENTARY TESTINOSIA.—A large number of our most prominent citizens tender Mr. J. H. Rathbone a complimentary testimonical at Wall's Opera House on Friday creating next for the purpose of witnessing the performance of his musical burlesque on n Brougham's " Pocahontas." The bu some is said to possess great merit, and all who have read it speak of it in terms of greatest praise. It will be performed by the Washington Dramatic Club.

spent yesterday in riding with Mr. Bonne behind Dexter. After driving to the Park and visiting the Union League rooms, he re-ceived the Republican General Committee a the Fifth avenue hotel. There was no speech making, and after the members of the committee had been personally introduced, and had shaken hands with the General, the latter withdraw. Yesterday afterno

PAVEMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE

## The

## National Republican.

VOL. IX

ternal Rovenne for the Third district of Massachusetts, vice W. H. McCartuey. Fassed Assistant Paymaster Leonard A. Frailey to be a Paymaster in the navy, vice Relayed Bellows, dismissed. Assistant Paymaster in the navy, vice Frailey, promoted.

THE MISSISSIPPI CASE.—E. Jefford, one of the Judges of the Buprime Contr of Missis alph, was before the Committee on Reconstruction pesterday morning, and presented an address on behalf of himself and others, claiming to represent a large and infimential part of the Republican party, who opposed the adoption of the constitution voted on in June last. The address is in the nature of a protest, and is a discussion of the condition of affairs in the Batate. He proposes a pian of reconstruction as follows; First. That Congress shall declare all the State offices reached. Frevide for she appointment of a provisional governor, with power of fill all the offices thus declared vacant and with power also to remove his own appointees from office. Third. Provide for so amending the proposed constitutions as to remove all features more prescriptive than the reconstruction laws of Congress, and, fourth. To provide for an election of all.

THE MISSISSIPPI, placed the adoption of the constitution voted on in June 1 and with power pointers from office. Third. Provide for so amending the proposed constitution as to remove all features more proscriptive than the reconstruction laws of Congress; and, fourth. To provide for an election of all county, State and municipal officers at the time of the election for the ratification of the constitution so amended.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.—Mr. Julian, of Indiana, has ever consistently opposed the prevailing system of disposing the public lands, and the time and again demonstrated that the policy was ruinous and a positive swindle upon the Tressaury. Unfortunately for the public good he has not been always sustained in his efforts for the public good, but he seems to gain increased strength daily and will succeed yet. Yesterday he reported sucher bill declaring that the further sale of the public lands shall cease except as provided by law for pre-emption and homestead purposes, but this shall not be construed to prevent the location of warrants for bounty land. It also contemplates that no further Tun Puntic Lange.-Mr. Julian, of Insattlers for homestead purposes, in not more than quarter sections, and at prices not to sxeed \$2.50 per acre. Pending the consid-eration of the bill, the morning hour ex-pired, and it went over.

Howard University brick, in use here, were continued with Government machinery at the navy yard, during Friday and Saturday, the machine having been so adjusted as to admit of testing whole brick. The results fully sustain the opinions given by Architects Clarke and Muliett. Of 16 specimens tried, the best sustained a pressure of 516 pounds to the square inch, and the powers 178, the average being 519, or 11 pounds less to the square inch than the authorities on engineering give for chalk. A specimen of Milwau. square inch than the authorities on engineer-ing give for chalk. A specimen of Milwau-kee pressed brick sustained 2,000 pounds to the square inch, and a specimen of common red brick 1,750 pounds to the square inch. The oldest specimen of patent brick tested that was made here sustained 354 pounds to the square inch, or 24 pounds more than chalk. The average pressure which caused the square inch, or 54 pounds more than chalk. The average pressure which caused perceptible compression before final crushing was, for 12 specimens, only 153 pounds to

Mas. SURRATT—DISINTERMENT OF THE BODT.—For some weeks past the friends of Mrs. Surratt have been endeavoring to procure from the President an order to obtain the possession of the body, of which it will be remembered was buried in the Arsenal grounds Just after the execution of the sassastantion conspirators. Finally, by perseverance and energy, Father Walter succeeded in obtaining from the President, at 10 o'clock resterday morning, an order to General Ramsey, commandant of the Arsenal, to deliver up to him the body of Mrs. Mary Surratt. The order was at once taken to the Arsenal, and General Ramsey detailed Major Hill to superintend the disinterment of the body.

In order that our readers may fully understand this page in the history of the assas-

tand this page in the history of the assasduation conspiracy, it will here be proper to refer to the past. Mrs. Surratt, it will be re-membered, was, in the summer of 1855, con-

THE MATOR AND THE CENTRE MARKET nate should be so amended as to requir Senate should be so amended as to require that the stalls and stands in the market should be sold at public auction every year to the highest bidder, in order to prevent a monopoly among dealers, and that the priv-lings should also be secured to the corporament to the company of the value of the im-provements made by said company, and a oper rate of interest for the use of the

In conclusion, the Mayor says:

"We need a new market-house, and I always thought the city should build and control it; but the councils, by a unanimous vote, declared otherwise, and I did not feel is clined to interpose a veto against such an expression of their opiaion and whises. But I am individually in favor of keeping the matter in the hands of the corporation, and if I had my own way, I would issue corporation bonds and have it creected, imposing a tax to pay the bonds within a period of five years. It would be the best investment the city ever made; still it is impossible to impress upon the people the idea that it would be wise or proper to undertake the job."

The Rogers Marder.

It is stated on excellent authority that mose of the prisoners held on suspicion of compileity in the Rogers homicide will be released at present, without the consent of the district autorney. It is quite certain, however, that Measra Townsend and Howe, counsel for the two Dogans respectively, will not be satisfied to have their clients longer detained, unless Judge Garvin presents some new and strong argument against their release. Whatever the district autorney has to say in the case will be made public at the hearing of the write of habese corpus issued in favor of the Logans, which is expected to take place at 10 o'clock today, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, before Justice Barnard. It would be a humane act, also, especially if the Logans are released, for some one to say a word in behalf of Tallant, who gave himself up, and who has been unable to employ any one as counsel. He admits that he has been in the State prison, having been sent there from Newburgh for grand larceny, finishing his term in 1668. He also acknowledges that he formerly lived in Ninetenth street, and was well acquainted with the "young men" in the vicinity. But for more than a year past he has been a member of the Plasterers' society, and has worked

regularly for the support of his stater, a girl of 18, and his mother, who is about 50 years of age.

The testimony of both goes to establish his whereabouts up to 7:80 o'clock on the morning of the murder, and one James Gallagher, who worked with Tallant at that time, stands ready to testify under outh that Tallant was at work that morning, as usual, at 7:45 o'clock. The sole argument against him seems to be the fact that the negro boy Gloster claims to identify him as one of the two men whom he saw in East Twelfth street on the morning of December 51. This identification is regarded as practically worthless by those best qualified to judge. Recently the slaters of Tallant came to the Mercer street police-station, and asked to be allowed to see their brother. As no one but certain officers are allowed to hold communication with the men suspected of being concerned in the murder of Mr. Rogers, their request was denied. They then said that they had been sent down by their mother with a message to the prisoner, stating that they had been sent down by their mother with a message to the prisoner, stating that they had been sent down by their mother with a message to the prisoner, stating that they had been sent down by their mother with a message to the prisoner, stating that they had been sent down by their mother with a message to the prisoner, stating that they had been sent down by their mother with a message to the prisoner, stating that they had been sent down by their mother with a message to the prisoner, the said within a certain weekfield time. The downwant were the state of the said within a certain weekfield time. The downwant was the said within a certain weekfield time. The downwant was the said was the said within a certain weekfield time. The downwant was the said was the said within a certain weekfield time. The said was the said wa membered, was, in the summer of 1805, convicted by the military commission of which General Hunter was president, at the Arsenal, of being one of the conspirators for the assassination of President Lincoln on the 18th of April of that year, and suffered death by hanging, in accordance with the sentence of the commission, in the Arsenal grounds on the 6th of July following. Immediately be was deprived of his liberty, while his hanging.

public to the tight.

PATRICE OF PRINCIPATIAN APPEARM.

No Peters, of Mailes, introduced in the Boose yearter day to the commission, in the Armenal grounds to the total produced on the time of July Moleviers. Intendists of the Commission, in the Armenal grounds on the time of July Moleviers. Intendists of the Treasury extending in Nyte 2. Bowes, Mayor of Washington, and Guerral No. Market and the State Commission of the Co

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1869.

Latest Telegraphic Brevilles.

John C. Breckinridge is in Baltimore, the
nest of his brother-in-law, Robert Bul-

The Georgia Legislature still manifests a rebellious and nurreconstructed spirit.

E. King, i.r., formerity agent of the Virginia Express Company, has made full confession of his guilt in stealing the money of which he first alleged he was robbed.

The officers of the Buruside expedition of the Ninth army corps, have organized a society, and had their first celebration in New York yesterday.

A dispatch from China reports the ship Surprise, from Foo Chow for New York, went ashore, near Hong Kong, and her cargo was badly hamaged.

positors.

The special commissioners appointed to review the Union Pacific railroad arrived at

acramento on Saturday. They will retur PEN, PENCIL AND SCISSORS.

OLIVE LOGAN is in Michigan. BISMARCE is fulled to sleep

England."

Perrus, who killed Earl Van Dorn on MesPeters' account, and got a divorce from herhas married her again.

CRANTARU is doing Solon Shingle in NevOricons. But there is but one Solon Shingle
and he is Owens's profit.

Sin John Bownino's translation of the pretty Chinese story "Hwa Tsien Ki" ha cen printed in Loudon.

Miss Francis M. Caulkins, author
everal works of a local historical characn Connecticut, is dead.

in Councetleut, is dead.

As exchange says "Indianapolis is to have a talking club." Don't they have sewing circles in the capital of the Hoosier State!

GEN. SANSOEN, of Minuscota, is in favor of supplying the Indiana with guns, on the ground that their bows and arrows are more deadly in their hands than firearms.

HERNANDEZ, the Spanish contortionist of glorious memory, is in prison in Nebraska for fourteen years, on a charge of trying to kill his aminable wife.

MR. S. L. M. Bartlow has been elected the

Mr. S. L. M. Bantow has been elected vice president of the Manhattan Club to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the lamented Chief Justice Robertson.

Chief Justice Robertson.

Mr. S. Musselman, of Scott county, in Kentucky, has vindicated and promulgated the Mabometan faith by producing a Musselboy weighing it pounds at nativity.

The point of a needle broken off several months ago, in the pain of the hand of a washerwoman in Dubuque, lowa, has been travelling through her body, and is now coming out at her breast.

A PPLICATIONS FOR DUPLICATE LAND APPLICATIONS FOR SUPERIORS
TO distribute the major concern;
Derartware or yet irragion.
Applications Princip Optica, reh. 4, 1889.
Applications princip Optica, reh. 4, 1889.
Applications for the major confidence of the said
pass St. 1889.
Applications for the said superior of the said of the said superior of the said super

This is To GIVE NOTICE THAT THE SUB-Local MEE, has obtained from the Orphan-ton of the Colombia, leiters of administration on the second estate of Joseph Arkir, lake of Washington coupty, D. G. deceased. All persons having cisipue

THE PRESS DISPATCHES PORTIETH CONGRESS....THIRD SESSION.

TO THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN

The Negro Eligibility Question—
More Rebolitions Legislation.

ATLANYA, Feb. S.—In the Senate a resolution pledging members of both branches of the General Assembly to abide by the decision of the Supreme Court, with regard to the eligibility of negroes to hold office, was defeated by a vote of 13 to 19.

A second resolution, requiring the members of the General Assembly, its officers and clerks to answer under out whether they held office prior to the war under the United States, or during the war under the Confederate Government, served in the Army, or gave docations to the Confederacy, was defeated—yeas 12, nays 29.

Mr. Whyte would then affirm that such the acts of Congress, and there could be no there are could be no the present prior to the decision of the general Assembly, its officers and clerks to answer under out whether the House was going to take a back step now. The morning hour here expiring, the resolution went over, and the constitutional that this proposition was not intended to interfer with the existing laws or institutions of any of the States.

Mr. Baulsbury being entitled to the thone anbsequent to the compliance of Georgia with the acts of Congress.

Mr. Whyte would then affirm that such Mr. Whyte would then affirm that such the acts of Congress.

These delegates had been admitted after the compliance by Georgia with the case. These delegates had been admitted to the resolution of the point.

The morning hour here expiring, the resolution went over, and the constitutional that this proposition was not intended to interfer with the existing laws or institutions of any of the States.

Mr. Shalling professed ignorance on this constitution of the case. These delegates had been admitted after the compliance by Georgia with the case.

The deferring the members of the case. These delegates had been admitted after the compliance by Georgia with the case.

The deferring the members of the acts of Congress and there could be not the acts.

The morning hour here expiring the members of the acts of C

A motion to concer with the House resolution referring to the eligibility of negroes to
hold office was adopted—yeas 19, nays 12.

A resolution to rectind the action of the
sat session expelling the colored to the fallow of the Constitution

of the United States, but of every State.

The fallows who framed the Constitution
came together as a subscription of the Constitution.

vote at eighteen or at thirty-five, whether he possess a freehold, or be able to read. It still leaves the whole matter in the equirol of the flates. The Democrats profess to sympathize with the South because it has negro suffrage, and now, when it is proposed to apply the same principle to the North, they object.

He believed that the country was to lose the services of the eminent chairman of this body, because he had held that the Northern people ought to be willing to seepst for themselves what they had imposed on the South; and he (Mr. F.) did not know that a long and honored life could better be ended than by the enunclation of so greerous a sentiment.

MONDAY, FERRUARY 8, 1509.

REXECO.

Arrest of a Noted Bandit — Bains.
Fleed and Loss of Life.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—The steamer John L. Stevens, with Manatian advices to January 21, has arrived. She brings 12,500 Mexican dollars.

General Guileria, a bandit, has been captured and imprisoned af Durango.

A number of highway robberies have been committed in that vicinity.

Two officers supposed to be his accomplices were arrested at Manatian.

Five thousand thousand dollars in coin and and a quantity of valuable jewelry was recovered.

A conspiracy to rob the mint at Manatian, containing two hundred thousand dollars, was frustrated by the authorities.

Heavy rains prevailed throughout the Rev of the Committee on Miller, and Manatian the Containing two hundred thousand dollars, was frustrated by the authorities.

Heavy rains prevailed throughout the Rev of the Committee on Miller, and Miller, and

and a quantity of valuable jeweity was recovered.

A conspiracy to rob the mint at Mantalian.

A conspiracy to rob the mint at Mantalian are included by the authorities.

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Heavy raines pewralled throughout the State.

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Heavy raines pewralled throughout the State and the State in the Stat

bold office was adopted—yeas 19, nays 12.

A resolution to rectind the action of the last session expelling the colored numbers, and reseating them at ource, was postpoord indefinitely—yeas 18, nays 15.

Society of the Burnaide Expedition and Ninth Army Corps.

New York, Feb. 8.—The military and naval officers of the Burnaide North Carolina expedition methere at noon, and organized a permanent organization called the Society of the Burnaide Expedition are there at noon, and organized a permanent organization called the Society of the Burnaide Expedition and Ninth Army Corps. Gen. Burnaide Expedition and Ninth Army Corps. Gen. Burnaide expedition and Sinth Army Corps. Gen. Burnaide was chosen president; Gen. Louis Bichmond servetary; and Gen. D. R. Larned treasurer.

On motion of Gen. Burnaide all honorably-discharged soldlers and sailors were admitted to membership.

Mr. S. argued at length as to the sovereign.

Mr. S. argued at length as to the sovereign.

Mr. S. argued at length as to the sovereign.

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BY W. J. MURTAGE.

INO. 62.

and Mr. Dawes took the chair as Speaker pre-tem.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, then moved to suspend the rules to take from the Speaker's table and pass the concurrent resolution relative to the consurrent resolution relative to the countries made the point of order that by agreement the business of the House this evening was to be devoted to the army appropriation bill.

The Speaker decided that the House was now acting under a suspension of the rules. After considerable fillbustering on the part of the Democrata the rules were suspensed and the resolution passed.

Mr. Butler, of Mass, moved that the rules be suspended and that the House go into Committee of the Whole on his amendment to reduce the pay of army officers; pending which

Mr. Banks, of Massachusetts, moved that that part of the Preddent's message relating to the pay of the pay of the pay of the point of the pay of the pay

by the enunciation of so generous a sentiment.

He was for leaving the regulation of the suffrage just where the fathers left it—with the States—and this was all that the amendment reported by the Judiciary Committee proposed to do. He could not approve of the proposition of Mr. Sumner to pass a law, as the power to "regulate" the suffrage was not conferred upon the national Government.

The Senate then, at 4 p. m., took a recess until 7 p. m.

EVENING SESSION.

Potition for the ParaSpangler.

A petition numerously signed by the most prominent officials of Saltimore, and influential and respectable citizens of Maryland, asking the pardon of Spangler, one of the prisoners confined at Dry Tortugas for comprisoners confined at Dry Tortugas for comprisoners confined at Lincoln, assumed to the assumed to the state of the state

The petition of the undersigned, eitherns of the United States, praying for the paradon and release of Edman Byangler, of Washington city, who was convicted on the 20th of June, 1963, by a military commission, of adding and abotting John Wilkes Booth, the murderer of Abraham Lincola, late President of the United States, in making his escape after the said Abraham Lincola had been murdered, and who was scuteneed therefor to confinement for six years at hard labor in the military prison at the Dry Tortugas, Florida, respectfully represents:

That the said Edman Spangler was tried before said commission upon the charge of compileity in the murder of the said Abraham Lincola that the particular specification in the case of said Spangler was, that on the 1st day of April, 1963, at Ford's theatre, in Washington city, he, the said Spangler did alid and assist the said John Wilkes Booth to obtain entrance to the box in said theatre in which said Abraham Lincola was sitting, and did also then and there aid said Booth in barring and obstructing the door of the box of said theatre, so as to hinder and prevent any assistance to or rescue of the said Abraham Lincola against the murderous assault of the said John Wilkes Booth, and did aim and abott him in making his escape after the said John Wilkes Booth, and did aim and abott him in making his escape after the said John Wilkes Booth, and did aim and abott him in making his escape after the said John Wilkes Booth, and did aim and abott him in making his escape after the said John Wilkes Booth in making his escape after the said solution of adulty of June, 1985, which said Edman Spangler "not guilty of the charge, and not guilty of any of the forecoing specifications coupt as to the charge of adding and abetting a said Edman Spangler "not guilty of the charge, and not guilty of any of the forecoing specifications and the said John Wilkes Booth in making his escape after having killed and markered Abraham Lincola. President of the United States, he, the said Edman Spangler, a Mr. Barnes, of N. Y.: Bill providing for the exchange of gold for United States de-mand notes, and providing against the sale of gold. Committee on Banking and Cartuand notes, and providing against the sale of gold. Committee on Banking and Currency. The committee on Banking and Currency. Subject of Color John Tendanty to Appoint a commission to revise the tariff laws and report their proceedings to Congress. Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. Clarke, of Kansas: John resolution of the Legislature of Kansas: India report for their proceedings thanks to General Sheridan and General Forsyth for their proceedings of the Indian war, and declaring that the people of Kansas have no sympathy with the peace commission. Committee on Milliary Affaired a resolution declaring the policy of the Government to be that no more public lands shall be given to ratificad companies, &c., on which he demanded the previous question.

Mr. Holytins, of Wis., moved to lay the resolution was not laid on the table. Pending its consideration the morning hour expired, and it went over a committee by the Arkansas milith, and asking for the appointment of a committee by the Arkansas milith, and asking for the appointment of a committee abilit to incorporate the National Railway. Loan and Trust Company. Referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Mr. Spalding, of Ohio, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Senate

Streament of the Britanian distorated by the streament of the second of the streament of th